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Guardian UK

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**Protection is not far off**, but it is not within the family budget (57% of Africans live on less than \$1 A DAY), and often malaria protection is not available in their rural village at any price.

You could start by offering her the protection of a long lasting insecticide treated mosquito net(LLIN) which costs about \$10 delivered to her village. Then, to make sure we kill some of those night stalker/killer anopheles mosquitoes, you could assure her parents that indoor residual spraying further thins out the malaria carrying mosquitoes.

Her opportunity to escape death at the sting of the anopheles mosquito improves every time someone chooses to sleep under the LLIN net. John Hopkins School of Public Health says that if 80% of the villagers use LLINs, and 80% have the ceiling and upper walls sprayed with a long lasting residual insecticide, the number of malaria carrying mosquitoes will plummet. Mosquitoes will still be there, but few will carry the malaria parasite. Villagers will also need a supply of the new artemisinin combo medications.

Join the shoulder to shoulder fight of African rural villagers to roll back Malaria. The ELCA Malaria Campaign has covenanted with churches and communities in 10 African countries to control the Malaria deaths of under five children and pregnant mothers. *There were 715,900 under five malaria deaths and 10,000 pregnant mother malaria deaths in 2008, according to WHO and UNICEF.*

Join many ELCA members and congregations in assisting our African colleagues by stopping the un-necessary deaths from Malaria in the **ELCA Malaria Campaign.** **From your SWAT team here at ECSW**

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